

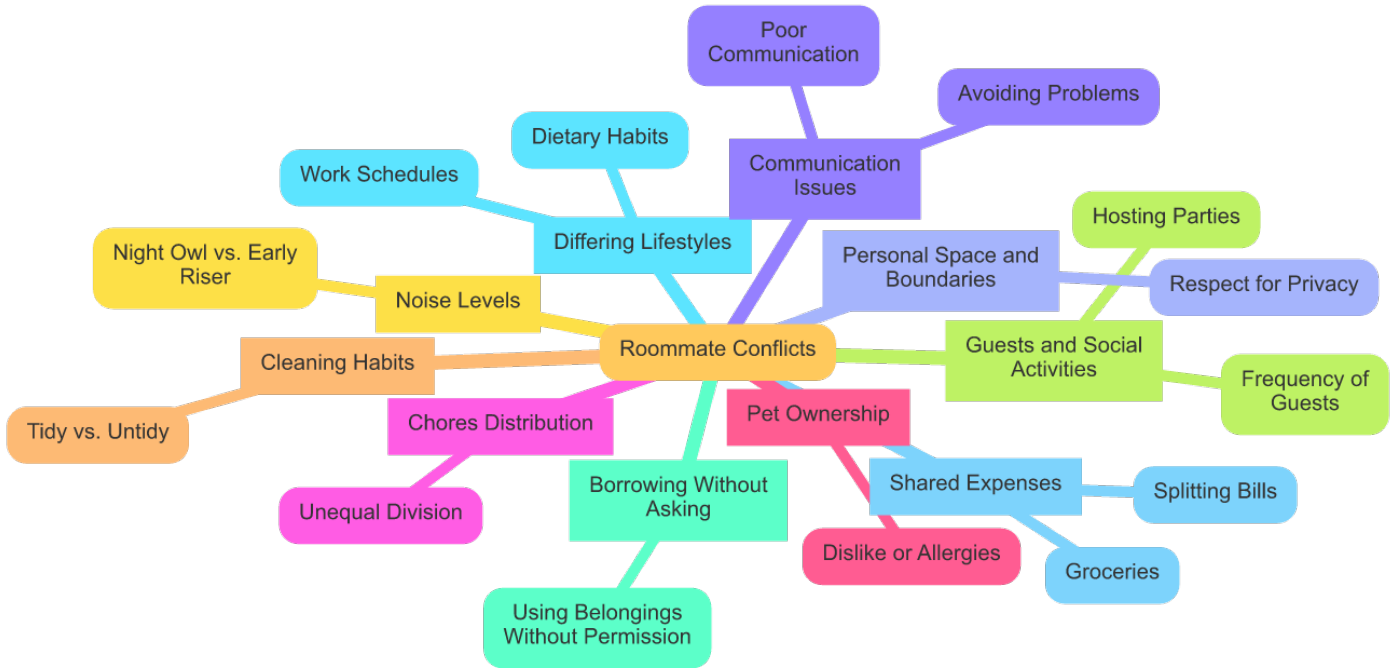
# Conflicts - Cause and Resolution



Name:

Date:

## Possible causes of conflict



Can you think of more causes?

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## Understanding Conflict-Related Collocations

Conflict-related collocations are pairs or groups of words that often appear together when discussing disagreements or clashes. These phrases help us describe conflicts more clearly and accurately. Here are some examples of non-military conflict-related collocations:

1. **Heated Argument:** This refers to a discussion that has become very intense or passionate, often with raised voices and strong emotions.
2. **Bitter Dispute:** This describes a very angry and unpleasant disagreement, often lasting for a long time.
3. **Family Feud:** This is a prolonged conflict between family members, sometimes lasting for generations.
4. **Workplace Tension:** This refers to the stress and strain between colleagues in a work environment, often due to differing opinions or competition.
5. **Political Clash:** This describes a conflict between different political parties or ideologies, often seen in debates or elections.

These collocations help us paint a vivid picture of the nature and intensity of conflicts in various settings. Understanding and using them correctly can improve our communication skills and help us express situations more precisely.

## Match the collocations with their explanations

resolve a conflict

escalate a conflict

conflict resolution

conflict management

armed conflict

internal conflict

conflict of interest

conflict zone

conflict prevention

conflict negotiation

actions taken to avoid or reduce the likelihood of disputes or disagreements

a dispute that involves the use of weapons

an area where active fighting and disputes are occurring

a struggle occurring within the mind of a character or individual

to increase the intensity or seriousness of a disagreement

the process of discussing terms to reach an agreement in a dispute

a situation where someone's personal interests could influence their professional decisions

the process of solving a dispute or disagreement

the practice of handling or controlling conflicts in a constructive manner

to find a solution to a disagreement or problem

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## Find specific collocations

Find collocations for this type of conflict. Think of the three stages: starting the conflict, mid-conflict, resolving the conflict.

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## Let's look at problem-solving strategies

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Avoiding</b></p> <p>This is when you try to stay away from the conflict and hope it goes away on its own.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Accommodating</b></p> <p>This is when you give in to what the other person wants because you care more about keeping the peace.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Competing</b></p> <p>This is when you push for your own way, even if it means the other person doesn't get what they want.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Compromising</b></p> <p>This is when both people give up a little of what they want so they can both be okay with the outcome.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Collaborating</b></p> <p>This is when both people work together to find a solution that makes everyone happy.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Negotiation</b></p> <p>This is when people talk and try to find a middle ground that works for everyone.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Mediation</b></p> <p>This is when a third person helps two people in conflict to talk and come to an agreement.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Active Listening</b></p> <p>This is when you really pay attention to what the other person is saying, so you understand their point of view.</p>

**Discuss strategies to resolve cleaning habits conflicts.**

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## Ideas for how to continue working with this problem-based approach

- Choose a conflict that you find interesting or particularly challenging. It can be a small issue within the school or a conflict that affects the entire world.
- Work through the causes. Do research and create a mindmap.
- Find collocations that describe the conflicts and individual parties involved, including their interests, accurately.
- Develop proposals to resolve the conflict.